

As of 1 February 2014 residents of eight districts of Warsaw (Praga South, Praga North, Rembertów, Wawer, Wesola, Śródmieście, Ursynów and Wilanów) will split garbage at home into three main groups:

a) a first container or bag: dry paper and paperboard, plastic bottles and other containers made of plastic, juice cartons and cans. We must remember to crush the package (then occupies less space), and unscrew the cap of the bottles. They are to be collected in the red containers or bags.

b) a second container collecting bottles and jars. They should be free of metal tops and caps (those thrown into the first container). Glass is to be thrown into the green bins.

c) while all the other garbage collect the remainder of the container and throw them into the black bins or bags.



THE **RED** BAG / CONTAINER :

DISPOSE OFF: newspapers, books, catalogs, books , brochures , paper bags and sacks , paper (school, office), cartons and cardboard (and packaging made of them), cartons and cardboard covered with aluminum foil (eg packaging milk, soft drinks), synthetic material such as plastic, metal, empty and crushed plastic bottles of drinks (eg, PET type), watercolors drawings, crayons drawings, used pens, broken rulers, leather belts, empty plastic bottles after the cosmetics and cleaners, plastic food containers (eg yoghurt, cheese, kefirs, margarines), foil and plastic bags, cans, tins , small iron scrap and small coloured metal scrap (eg toys, old scissors, bottle caps).

DO NOT DISPOSE OF: greasy and dirty paper (eg paper packaging butter, margarine , cottage cheese), carbon paper, thermal paper and fax ; wallpaper ; sanitary waste (eg swabs, sanitary napkins, diapers) packages of any content , bottles of cooking oils and automotive, packaging for motor oils, lubricants , foamed polystyrene, rubber, paint cans and batteries, aerosols packaging, packaging of herbicides or insecticides, household appliances.

WHERE DOES SEGREGATED WASTE GO?

They get to the sorting area, where the processes of mechanical and hand are segregated. At this stage, the cartons are separated from other waste , before being transported to the recycler. Waste paper (waste) will be processed on the new one. Aluminium foil and polyethylene will be subject to further processing (in conjunction with other plastics will be used , inter alia, the production of garden furniture , containers, flower beds and decorative handles household tools) . Metals - after remelting will be used to manufacture new products.



THE **GREEN** BAG / CONTAINER:

DISPOSE OFF: glass bottles and jars after beverage and food; bottles of alcoholic beverages, glass bottles of juice, glass packaging cosmetics.

DO NOT DISPOSE OF: porcelain and ceramic, pots, light bulbs, neon lamps, fluorescent and mercury lamps, reflectors, table, heat-resistant glass, television screens and lamps, mirrors, windshields and windows.

WHERE DOES SEGREGATED WASTE GO?

Disposable glass bottles and other glass waste delivered glassworks get to where they are melted down after washing. Then, the resulting glass is used to produce new glass containers.



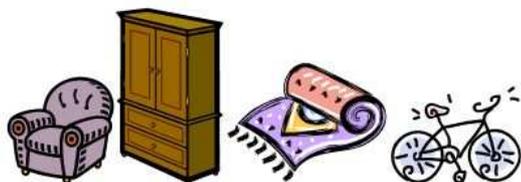
BLACK - DISPOSE OF ALL WHAT YOU CAN NOT MOVE THE RED AND GREEN BOXES .

DISPOSE OFF: dirty plastic packaging, porcelain, plates, toys, deodorant packaging, polystyrene packaging, rubber, coal ash, diapers, cotton buds, cotton, broken windows, street trash.

DO NOT DISPOSE OF: hazardous waste, such as: expired medicines, paints, oils and their packaging, packaging of pesticides, electrical and electronic equipment waste (such as light bulbs, lamps, cathode ray tubes, fluorescent lamps, batteries and accumulators), home appliances, computers, bulky waste (eg furniture, carpets, rugs, mattresses, trolleys, laundry driers).

WHERE DOES SEGREGATED WASTE GO: the thermal treatment plants, where the process of disposing of become a source of heat or electricity becoming a valuable energy resource. Residues from the process goes to the landfill .

Some waste can go for home composting (food scraps, potted plants and cut flowers, coffee grounds and tea, egg shells, fruit and vegetable peelings, etc.), where then can become a useful fertilizer.



BIG WASTE:

DISPOSE OFF: tables, cabinets , cupboards , chairs , sofas , couches , carpets, prams , mattresses, quilts , bicycles , toys, large size , cabinets , large windows .

DO NOT DISPOSE OF: materials , waste and construction parts , sanitary waste , such as wood planks , beams , panels , frames, windows , doors, fences, bath, sink , toilet or cistern shells , radiators , tiles , blinds and other auto parts as well as , mopeds , lawn mowers , waste from renovations , garden waste , garbage bags or boxes of household waste (mixed municipal) .

WHAT HAPPENS TO WASTE ?

They will be collected separately and sent to special waste , which are subject to a recovery by separating the elements of wood, metal . Then sent to recycling plants. They can also be handed over to the selective collection of municipal waste .

NOTE: furniture may contain hazardous substances as paints , sealers , adhesives , paints, polyurethane foam , veneers , plastic , etc. As a result of combustion on the premises or in the home , the atmosphere emitted compounds are harmful to the environment and humans. These compounds are toxic and have carcinogenic effects . They are especially dangerous to children.



CO (green garbage relate mainly houses)

DISPOSE OFF: leftover vegetables and fruits, egg shells, coffee grounds and tea, unprinted paper, cardboard, grass clippings, leaves, pine needles, shredded branches, bark, sawdust, weeds, litter of small domestic animals, the contents of vacuum cleaner bags, ashes from the fireplace, leftover food in liquid, paper after sandwich, uneaten sandwich, paper after the sausage.

DO NOT DISPOSE OF: dairy, fat, meat and fish remains, excrement of dogs and cats, cigarette butts, colorfully printed paper, the ashes of the furnace, affected plants diseases or parasites, unwashed peel of citrus fruits and bananas, diapers, sanitary napkins.